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The PENNSYLVANIA

G A Z E T T E.

Containing the Freshest Ad-

vices, Foreign and Domestic.



Messieurs HALL and SELLERS,
GENTLEMEN,
The following Piece waits the Favour of being introduced to the Public
by your Paper.

THE noble Inclination of Improvement that has appeared of late in this Province, and the several Propositions offered thereon, with the Difference in Sentiment, have given Occasion for a few Remarks, with the following Estimate.

A Canal from Delaware to Chesapeake Bay, undoubtedly would be a Thing of the first Consequence, and the most beneficial Undertaking of any yet proposed; but it seems as if there were many Difficulties in the Way, that will take considerable Time to get over, if at all, which, with the Greatness of the Performance, Time and Expence, seems rather to be the Work of a future Day.

The Province of Pennsylvania, lying in the Form of a long Square, the Metropolis standing at one End, the large Rivers that collect in it, running into another Bay, which is the Property of other adjoining Provinces, with the Situation of a Number of its Inhabitants, living so much nearer to other Places of Trade, are all Circumstances worthy the Attention of the Public. It is but a small Part of the Province, but what lies more convenient to other Markets than to Philadelphia, but by the Opulence and Superiority which it has at present, with some timely and proper Encouragement to its Western Inhabitants, the Trade and Interest of the greatest Part might be united, so as to be perpetuated by very strong Connections for Ages to come.

This can in no Way be done, but by easing these Inhabitants from the prodigious Expence and Difficulties, their Situations subject them to, in transporting their Produce, and this cannot be done by any Means so effectual, as by Way of the Schuylkill; which River, by its several Branches, extends over above two Thirds of the Province, and by the Western Branch, affords a very easy and good Communication with the Inland Country, and the Indian Trade; and it has been remarked, that there is not one Fall on either of the considerable Branches, until it comes very near the South Bounds of this Province, but what may be made navigable, at a small Expence, and without Locks; but the Channel by which this Trade is to be conveyed from the Schuylkill to Philadelphia, seems to be a Matter differently treated of.

Many Propositions have been made in Favour of the Improvement of the Schuylkill, and the Carrying-place from Reading, to cross above Lancaster; there also has been something offered, of late, in Favour of another, by Way of a Carrying-place, from Peach-Bottom to Christiana, in which, I think they seem all to be united, as far down the Schuylkill as near the Mouth of a Stream called Chickefalungo; therefore, in order to come to a full Determination in the Preference, I know of no better Way, than to compute the Expence that will attend the Carriage from that Place to this City by both, and as Grain is a Principal of our Produce, I shall fix on that Article, by Way of Elucidation. I will then suppose a Boat Load of 500 Bushels of Grain to be at the above Place, the Carriage of which to Reading, 40 Miles, at Eight Pence per Bushel, is Sixteen Pounds, Thirteen Shillings and Four Pence; to Philadelphia, 80 Miles by Water, at Five Pence per Bushel, is Ten Pounds, Eight Shillings and Four Pence; which, exclusive of any Storage, amounts to Twenty-seven Pounds, One Shilling and Eight Pence. The other Way, from Chickefalungo to Peach-Bottom, when on board, say, a Halfpenny per Bushel, is One Pound and Ten Pence; from Peach-Bottom to Christiana, 27 Miles, say Five Pence, is Ten Pounds, Eight Shillings and Four Pence; from Christiana to Philadelphia, Three Halfpence per Bushel, is Three Pounds, Two Shillings and Six Pence; whole Amount, Fourteen Pounds, Eleven Shillings and Eight Pence; which leaves a Saving, in Favour of the latter, of Twelve Pounds, Ten Shillings, on every Boat Load of Goods; by which, if we suppose that the whole Western Trade, and from all the Branches of that River, will consist of no more than 500 Boat Loads annually, it will amount to a Saving of Six Thousand Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds a Year, and will be clear of any Difficulty, by obstructing Fish, the Scantiness of Water in dry Seasons, or the Expence of supporting Locks or Dams. But it is also necessary to consider the Expence which may be required for the Improvement of each of these Ways, by which we may also be the better able to judge. I shall first begin at the before mentioned Place, on the Schuylkill, and proceed by Way of Reading, and then from the same Place, by the Way of Christiana, to Philadelphia. Therefore to build a public Ware-house, for the Reception of the Traffic to be transported, say One Thousand Pounds; to make a good Road, in a hilly Country, 40 Miles, say Fifty Pounds per Mile, is Two Thousand Pounds; to build a Ware-house at Reading, say One Thousand Pounds; to improve the Navigation of the Schuylkill, by Locks or Dams, so as to make it passable during dry Seasons, that it may answer, in some Sort, the End of such a Concourse of Trade, it has been supposed to require Thirty-seven Thousand Five Hundred Pounds; as also a farther Addition from Subscription, and a Donation from the Public, which is not fixed; therefore I shall suppose it may be Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Pounds; which will amount, in the whole, to Fifty-four Thousand Pounds, exclusive of any Fund for the keeping these Locks or Dams, Road and Ware-houses, in Repair. And now I shall take a View the other Way. If the Trade is carried down the River to Peach-Bottom, it is about 28 Miles, in which there are four small Falls, or Rapidities, which are, and have been frequently passed with Craft, and wants little more than a small Channel to collect the Water, of which there is always Plenty, that would naturally fall in, for a complete Navigation in the driest Seasons, without either Locks or Dams; therefore I shall suppose the Sum of Two Thousand Five Hundred Pounds will be sufficient to improve this, so as to need no more Expence or Repairs. For a Ware-house at Peach-Bottom, say One Thousand Pounds; 27 Miles of Road, most of which may be made on level and good Ground for that Purpose, for One Thousand Four Hundred Pounds; For a Ware-house on Christiana, say One Thousand Pounds; and as the Navigation in that Creek is sufficient for a Vessel to carry 3000 Bushels as far up as is necessary for this Purpose, therefore the Expence of improving this Way, seems to amount to the Sum of Five Thousand Nine Hundred Pounds, to make it secure against any future Expence, except repairing the Road and Ware-Houses, which leaves a Balance against the other of Forty-eight Thousand One Hundred Pounds. And if we were to add the Principal of the Saving in the annual Transportation, being Six Thousand Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds per Year, which is more than the whole Expence of the latter, or one Half of what is proposed by Subscription, and to be given by the Province, to the former, the Principal is One Hundred and Four Thousand, One Hundred and Sixty-six Pounds, Thirteen Shillings and Four Pence; which, added to the

other Saving in the improving Part, makes One Hundred and Fifty-two Thousand, Two Hundred and Sixty-six Pounds, Thirteen Shillings and Four Pence; and is the Sum which will be necessary for the Improvement of the Communication by the Schuylkill, more than by that of Christiana, exclusive of the yearly Expence that must attend the keeping Locks or Dams in Repair, the obstructing of Fish, or the Trade that must be lost by this (or rather gained by the much more expeditious and cheap Communication of the other) in favouring the Interest of such whose Situations will incline them to go to other Places with their Produce, even altho' the Markets may not be so good for either selling or buying, rather than encounter the Expences, Hardships and Difficulties, which have, and, in a great Measure, do attend their present Mode of Communication with Philadelphia, as also in carrying on the Western Indian Trade;—of which if a Computation was made, the above Sum may be very justly doubled, before Art in the one can be rendered of equal Advantage, with what Nature has so kindly done to the other.—Not to give the Preference where the natural Advantages are so evident, would be the Height of Partiality, and to neglect an Improvement, so essential for the Increase and Continuance of the Trade and Prosperity of this Province, when Circumstances may afford, is a Thing foreign to the well known Wisdom of our Legislature. Therefore I shall conclude with the following Queries, viz. Whether it might not be necessary to send some Persons to reconnoitre the principal Branches of the Schuylkill, and from the Head of the Western, to the Allegany River, in order to obtain more particular Knowledge of its Utility?—And also to give a Reward to such as shall be the first Adventurers in this Inland Navigation. The whole is offered to the Consideration of the judicious Reader, by

ELUCIDATUS.

By the DUKE OF CUMBERLAND PACKET, Captain GOOD-
RICH, arrived at New-York from Falmouth, we have the
following ADVICES, viz.

H A M B U R G H, October 13.

THERE is a great Talk of a Treaty of Subsidy being concluded between the Court of Bavaria and a certain foreign Power. Whether there is any Truth in this Report or not, it is certain, that the Bavarian Troops are recruiting with so much Vigour, that they are to be made 20,000 Men complete, before the End of the Year.

Leghorn, Sept. 30. The Motive for the Dey of Algiers declaring War against the King of Denmark, is said to be owing to that Monarch allowing the Hamburgers to hoist the Danish Flag; but be that as it may, we are assured his Majesty will immediately send 7 Ships of the Line into the Mediterranean, to protect the Navigation of his Subjects.

Genoa, Sept. 23. We hear from Corsica, that the Count de Vaux has sent Captain Pelone in Irons to France; and has published a general Pardon to all the Natives in the Mountains, and promised Passports to those who choose to leave the Island. Most of the Inhabitants have accepted of the last Proposal. A few still continue in Arms in the Mountains, under the Command of an Ecclesiastic.

From the Lower Elbe, Oct. 20. It is reported, that a great trading Power is going to conclude a Treaty of Alliance and Commerce with Russia.

Hague, Oct. 23. The last Letters from France advise, that the Government has prohibited the Sale of the Instructions given by the Empress of Russia for forming a new Code of Laws.

Peterburgh, Oct. 3. The Success of our Troops against the Turks, has exceeded our warmest Wishes. The Empress has not confined the Marks of her Satisfaction on this Account to the Elevation of Prince Gallitzin to the Rank of a Field-Marshal: She has likewise conferred the Order of St. Alexander on the Lieutenant General Counts de Brulle and de Solitkow; that of St. Anne upon the Major Generals de Steupichen, de Kamenisky, Prince Alexander Gallitzin, and de Glebow. Her Imperial Majesty has likewise promoted to the Rank of Brigadier the Colonels Burman, Oserow, Stephan, Riefsky, and Prince Peter Gallitzin, who commands a Body of Russian Troops in Poland.

Warsaw, Oct. 7. The Senate has finished its Sittings, but we have not heard the Result of its Deliberations, with respect to the four Points proposed by the King. We only hear, that Count Oginski, Sword-bearer of Lithuania, is appointed to go to Peterburgh, to solicit the Empress to set at Liberty the Polish Prisoners of State.

We have received no News from the Russian Army for some Days past, so that we know nothing of its Operations.

It is said, that the Minister of one of the Powers in our Alliance has signified to several Marshals of the Confederacies, that if they do not speedily put an End to the Disorders which they have been the Occasion of, a considerable Body of Troops will be sent into Poland to bring them to Reason. We are impatient to see what Effect this will have upon the Confederates.

Vienna, Oct. 11. Letters from Constantinople, of the 18th of September, advise, that the Grand Signor not only caused the Head of the late Grand Vizir to be struck off, but also that of the Prince of Moldavia, and the Chief Interpreter of the Porte. The new Vizir must expect the same Fate after losing Choczim, and the other bad Success which he has met with.

Genoa, Sept. 30. The Merchant-ships in the Ports of the Mediterranean, and those which were about to sail thither, have suspended their Navigation, on Account of the great Number of Barbary Corsairs, which have put to Sea, on Advice they have received, that the Danish Fleet is going to join that of Russia.

Rome, Sept. 7. We are in daily Fear lest some Troubles arise in Italy, on Account of the French having taken Possession of Corsica, which the English cannot look on with a favourable Eye.

Constantinople, Sept. 18. On the 15th Instant, the Head of the late Vizir was brought hither from Adrianople, and was exposed for three Days near the Gates of the inner Court of the Seraglio, and nobody was allowed to approach near it.

The Plague still continues, and is broken out with great Violence at Pera.

Warsaw, Oct. 14. It is reported of the Grand Vizir, that he is a great Projector; that he reads a great deal, and chiefly Italian Books, and that he has finer Women in his Seraglio than the Grand Signor himself. His Favourite Concubine is a Polish Woman, an inveterate Enemy to the Russians, and he had engaged to bring her at the End of the Campaign, 12 fine Russian Girls, of good Families, to serve her as Slaves. However, the Tables are turned upon him, and all his Concubines are taken Prisoners.

Hamburg, October 24. In the Night of the 21st Instant, her

Royal Highness, the Consort of Prince Ferdinand of Prussia, was safely delivered of a Prince.

Hague, Oct. 24. Letters from Peterburgh advise, that Lord Cathcart, Ambassador from Great-Britain, has taken great Pains to engage the Empress of Russia to agree to some Alterations in the Treaty of Commerce lately concluded between the two Courts, the English not being so much benefited by it as they expected; but that the Empress did not seem inclined to comply with his Solicitations.

Malta, Sept. 16. A Secretary arrived here, a few Days ago, from the Emperor of Morocco, with 37 Tuscan Slaves, which he delivered to the Grand Master, with the following Letter.

"In the Name of Almighty God, the Emperor of Morocco, &c. to the Prince of Malta, Grand Master of the Region of St. John, and to all his Council, greeting.

"You will know hereby, that being moved with Compassion for the Fate of several Leghora Slaves, who have been a long While in my Custody, and have never been demanded of me, I resolved to send them to you by my Secretary Abadi Saletti, in doing which I have a double Satisfaction; 1st, That of making a present to you; and next, that of procuring these unhappy Persons their Liberty. If you had no Slaves in your Custody, I should desire nothing from you in Return; but as you have, I shall be glad to receive such as you can send me, by my Secretary."

The Grand Master paid the same Honours to this Envoy as to Ministers Plenipotentiary, and has ordered two Ships to be immediately fitted out, one to carry home the said Tuscans, to be presented to the Grand Duke; and the other to take a like Number of Turkish Slaves to the Emperor of Morocco, together with Presents for his Highness.

Warsaw, Oct. 7. The Senate continue their Deliberations in the Presence of the King. Many Magnates declared that the Turks, so far from having any Grounds to impute to the Poles the Infringement of the Treaty of Carlowitz, they themselves had, on the contrary, been the first to make a Breach in it, by burning down 10 Towns, and 200 Villages, which belonged to Prince Lubomirski, at the very Time that the Republic, trusting on the Faith of the Treaty, thought herself sheltered from such Excesses.

A Spectacle, very capable of inspiring every one with Pity, has presented itself before us for some Days past: Nine Gentlemen, who had their Hands cut off at the Wrist, have been conveyed to this Place. This cruel Execution was perpetrated by the Orders of Gen. Drewitz, and by some is said to be done by himself. The Grand General of Lithuania has taken great Care of those unfortunate People, and intends to provide for their Maintenance.

Warsaw, Oct. 11. This City continues to enjoy the most perfect Tranquillity, and since the Defeat of the Turks, the Confederates dare not make their Appearance in this Neighbourhood, as they used to do. Many of them are even gone home, and it is thought by several People, that before the End of the Year there will not be a Body of Confederates left under Arms.

Madrid, Oct. 3. The last Letters from Cadiz advise, that five English Officers, belonging to Commodore Spry's Ship, which lay at Anchor in that Bay, were arrested by the Custom-House Officers as they were returning on board, on Account of having about them 3000 Pistoles in Specie, the Exportation of which is prohibited. The Commodore immediately demanded his Officers, but was told, they could not be released without an express Order from Court; upon which he weighed Anchor, and put to Sea. What will be the Consequence of this, Time will shew.

Constantinople, Sept. 18. The Plague continues to make great Ravages here; it hath even penetrated to the Suburbs of Pera and Galata. We flatter ourselves, however, that the Rain which fell Yesterday and To-day, and which has refreshed the Air, will contribute to put a Stop to it.

Warsaw, Oct. 11. The Russians are preparing to enter into Winter-quarters. Prince Repnin will fix his at Jaroslaw. A Body of 15,000 Russians, under General Prozorowski, continue to pursue the Turks, and to seize what Booty they can, principally Horses. They have taken lately 300 Janissaries, some Ammunition, Baggage, and 8 Pieces of Cannon. It is believed that they will blockade Bender.

The great Number of Confederacies seem to announce the Ruin of the Dissidents. The Confederates have obliged the City of Cracow to give them 28,000 Polish Florins for 1000 Tons of Salt, which they had stolen, belonging to the King.

Vienna, Oct. 20. As the Russians have penetrated far into Moldavia and Wallachia, and as some of their Troops have appeared on the Frontiers of Transylvania, we are assured, that our Court is going to send thither a Reinforcement of Troops.

Rome, Oct. 9. We are assured, that the Courts of Bourbon are not satisfied with the System which the Pope hath proposed to them with regard to the present subsisting Differences, and among others, that which respects the Suppression of the Jesuits; inasmuch, that it is believed he must have Recourse to some other Expedient.

L O N D O N.

October 24. It is said a military Gentleman, Agent of a certain Colony, has reduced the Complaints of the People against their Chief Magistrate to nineteen different Articles, some of which, as he terms them, will prove *Sweaters*.

We hear from Venice, that the Expedition of the Russian General Prince Dolgorucki, who has carried off the famous Stephen Piccolo, and who gave himself out to be the Emperor PETER III. is considered as an important Stroke: The Turks have taken great Umbrage at the Venetians, for suffering Prince Dolgorucki to land in their Territories to treat with the Montenegri; of this the Venetians declare themselves ignorant, and that the Russians had absolutely landed on the Turkish Territories, and not on those of the Republic.

Letters from Paris mention, that the Affairs of the East-India Company engross a considerable Share of the Attention of the Ministry, who are convinced of the great Necessity there is for some immediate Measures to be taken with respect to the French Interest in Asia: A large Body of Troops is soon to be sent to that Part of the World, and several Vessels are ordered to be fitted out for the Isles of France and Bourbon, at the Government's Expence.

Two Russian Men of War failed from Portsmouth the 22d Inst. to the Eastward.

They write from Teneriffe, that several Algerine Men of War are now cruising off the Cape Verd and Canary Islands, against the Portuguese Trade in those Seas.

[For new Advertisements, see the Fourth Page.]

October 24. We hear, that the Friends of Mr. Wilkes have proposed Terms to his Creditors, which they are inclined to accept; and that he will have his Liberty in April next, when his Sentence expires.

The second Infant died at Kildare, in Ireland, John Chump, aged 120 Years.

Letters from Hamburg mention, that the Merchants have Orders that all their Ships in the Mediterranean Trade, be fitted up for Defence against the Algerines.

October 26. Stephano, the Montenegrin Chief, who lately made such a Noise in the Levant, and pretended a Title to the Russian Empire, is said to be the Son of a French Physician, whose Profession he followed for several Years.

Extract of a Letter from Dublin, October 16, 1769.

"The Fracas which lately happened between a great Personage and Dr. Lucas, engages almost every Part of Conversation here; though the Doctor is naturally a very warm Man, yet in this Respect, it is said, he behaved with becoming Temper, and his Replies were only such as may be expected from the Questions, by any Man of Spirit and Independence.

"It has already gone so far, that nothing but the Death of either of the Parties, can prevent it from becoming of the most serious Nature, for when the Doctor told him, that his elevated Station, at present, deprived him from taking that Satisfaction that was due from one Gentleman to another; the great Personage replied, 'Sir, as the Time is approaching when that Distinction will cease, I now pledge myself to you, that I will then give you every Satisfaction that you may expect from the most private Gentleman in this Kingdom.'

It was this Morning reported, that the M-----y are exerting their utmost Efforts to prevent the Lord Mayor elect being sworn in at the Exchequer.

Yesterday being his Majesty's Accession to the Throne, the Bells, at St. Sepulchre's Church, rang from Morning till Night, as it is said, at the Request of Miss Wilkes, the amiable Daughter of the celebrated Patriot.

The Bells of a certain Parish, not a Mile from Fleet-street, were quite mute, from Morning to Night, no loyal Bells in that Parish having solicited for the opening of their Mouths.

They write from Hamburg, that a great Quantity of naval Stores are now shipping on board transport Vessels in the Elbe, for the Ports of Breft and Rochfort.

We hear from Portsmouth, that a large Sum of Money has been lodged in the Hands of an Officer there, for the Use of the Commanders and Crews of the Russian Fleet, who may want a Supply of any Necessaries.

Yesterday the Lord Chancellor was *done* at Jonathan's upon the Ratio of sixty to forty Guineas, that he resigns before Christmas; and at Night his Lordship was *done* at Arthur's upon the Ratio of Three to One, that he resigns before Saturday Se'night.

Oct. 28. On Wednesday Night the Prince of Wales and young Princes, with the Princess Royal, had a Drawing-Room for the first Time in the Princess Amelia's late Apartments. The Prince was dressed in Scarlet and Gold, with the Ensigns of the Order of the Garter; on his Right was the Bishop of Osnaburgh in Blue and Gold, with the Ensigns of the Order of the Bath; next to him, on a rich Sopha, sat the Princess Royal, with the other Princes to her Right, elegantly dressed, in Roman Togas: The Sight of so many fine Children, all of one Family, their great Affability, and the Recollection of their Dignity, gave the most pleasing Impressions to every one present.

It is given out, that in case the Lord Chancellor resigns, the Seals will be put in Commission till Lord Halifax's Trial is over, and that afterwards they will be given to Lord Mansfield.

Extract of a Letter from Rome, dated October 4.

"The Pope has entered into a Convention with the King of Sardinia, by which the latter has obtained many Advantages over the Clergy. His Holiness has granted to the Religion of Malta the necessary Briefs for employing the Effects belonging to the Jesuits in that Island, in founding an University; a Step which the late Pope would never consent to."

Letters from Petersburg, of October 2, mention, that the Empress of Russia, as a Mark of her Approbation of the Conduct of Prince Gallitzin, has raised him to the Rank of a Field Marshal.

The Town of Bender, to which the Ruins of the Turkish Army have retreated, is seated on the River Niefter, 100 Miles N. W. of Belgorod, and 100 S. E. of Bracklaw. It is remarkable for the Residence of Charles XII. King of Sweden, who retired hither after he had been defeated by the Russians at Pulowa. He was maintained by the Turks here several Years, till he was at last forced from thence to a Place near Adrianople, where he remained another Year; after which he returned to his own Dominions. Lon. 29: 5 E. Lat. 46: 40 N.

In Consequence of an Altercation on the 13th Inst. between two Gentlemen of Liverpool, relative to petitioning the Throne for a Dissolution of the P-----t, they fought a Duel on Monday last, in which one of them was so dangerously wounded, that it is thought he cannot recover.

Some Letters from Vienna mention, the Grand Signor had sent a Turkish Ambassador thither, to prevail upon that Court not to interfere in the present Quarrel between the Empress of Russia, and the Porte.

According to Letters from Lisbon, the Court of Portugal has been obliged to purchase a Peace of the Algerines, for a very considerable Sum of Money and warlike Stores. An Example which will probably be followed by some other European States.

A Letter from Madrid, dated October 3, says, "The Danish Navigation is entirely put a Stop to in the Mediterranean. Not only the Algerines, but all the Barbarian Regencies have declared War against them, not only for their having lent their Flag to foreign Vessels, but on a Report, which is circulated through Barbary, that they have given all the Assistance in their Power to the Russian Squadron, which is expected in the Mediterranean."

It was this Morning reported, that, though a great Man in the Law is very indifferent as to what may be determined relative to his continuing his Office, or not, yet he has declared that he will not voluntarily resign, nor will he trim, but always act as his Judgment and Conscience shall direct.

A Merchant said upon Change this Morning, that the Present of Tobacco, from the Planters of Maryland, to Mr. Wilkes, was sent to him as a grateful Acknowledgment, for his having smoked the Ministry so long.

Oct. 31. It is now said, that the M-----y have fixed their Eyes on Mr. De G-----, for the Vacancy in the Law Department, should it happen. This Gentleman would, in all Probability, be more likely to meet with the Approbation of the Public, than either of the other four, who have been mentioned to stand next in Nomination for this important Place, being much less obnoxious.

We are informed, that it has been proposed to the Ministry to lay a Tax on all Places of public Entertainment throughout the Kingdom, to answer the Expences for the ensuing Year.

Saturday Evening the Committee of the Bill of Rights sent as a Present to John Wilkes, Esq; a Silver Cup of 100l. Value; it will contain a Gallon and Half a Pint, and is of curious Workmanship: On the Outside is the Figure of John Wilkes, Esq; with the Cap of Liberty over his Head, held by Britannia; before him lie Magna Charta, and the Bill of Rights.

It is said, that S. V. Esq; having printed in England a Pamphlet in Vindication of his Conduct in Jamaica, intends immediately to sail for Jamaica, and there publish a Vindication of his Conduct in England.

On Saturday last a French Gentleman hanged himself at the London Prentice in Old-street Road; a Letter written in French was found in his Pocket, setting forth, that some Years ago he dreamt he was to die on the above-mentioned Day, if not, he was to be damned eternally, and therefore for the Salvation of his Soul, he thought it necessary to put an End to his Existence.

Some Dispatches, which arrived Yesterday from Sir Joseph York, his Majesty's Ambassador at the Hague, were immediately dispatched by a Messenger to his Majesty, at Richmond.

A Privy Council is summoned to meet at St. James's To-morrow. On Sunday Night last the Earl of Egmont came to Town from Turnham-Green, being sent for by Express on Affairs of State.

Extract of a Letter from Copenhagen, October 14.

"A Squadron of Danish Men of War sailed from hence the 4th Inst. for the Baltic, under the Command of Rear Admiral Hanfen. As among the Ships, which compose this Squadron, there are several built upon a new Plan, which many Sea Officers disapprove, this Cruise is made by Way of Experiment.

"Our Merchants are under great Uneasiness, on Account of the Algerines having declared War against us. We do not yet know what Steps his Majesty will take for the Protection of his Subjects; and in the mean Time the Insurance Office is not very eager to ensure for the Mediterranean."

A Letter from Elbing, dated Oct. 8, says, "Just as the Post was going to set out, we received Advice, that about 500 of the Confederates, having penetrated as far as Graudenz, fell in with a Detachment of Prussian Dragoons, which was posted to cover the Frontiers of his Prussian Majesty's Dominions on that Side. The Engagement was very sharp, but the Confederates had 50 Men killed, and 40 taken Prisoners by the Prussians."

Last Wednesday the Court of Directors of the East-India Company gave a splendid Entertainment at the London Tavern to Col. Coote; and on Friday last he had the Honour to kiss his Majesty's Hand, on being appointed a Major General, and Commander in Chief in India; and we hear the Bridgewater, Captain Scotcoe, is now preparing in the River for his Reception.

On the 26th Instant, arrived at Falmouth, a Russian Man of War of 64 Guns.

According to private Letters from the Hague, the Ambassador of a powerful Court was expected to leave that Place soon in Disguise.

This Morning an Express was sent off from the Earl of Rochfort's Office, for Sir Joseph York, at the Hague.

This Morning a great Man in the Law, had the Honour of a private Conference with his Majesty.

Letters from Gibraltar mention, that the Algerines had sunk several large Hulks at the Entrance of the Port, to prevent the too near Approach of an Enemy, and had moored some floating Batteries within them.

Samuel Vaughan, Esq; had a Present of 5 Hogsheds of Tobacco, from Maryland, brought in the same Ship, and from the same Gentlemen who sent Mr. Wilkes the 45 Hogsheds; and Mr. Vaughan was desired by Letter to pay the Duties and other Expences of the 45 Hogsheds, and deliver them to Mr. Wilkes's Order, without any Expence whatever.

Nov. 2. We are informed the Disturbances at Jersey are almost subdued, and it is thought Alterations will be made in such Parts of the Legislature as have been principally complained of.

It is said, that his Grace the Duke of Leinster, the Earl of Shannon, and the Speaker of the House of Commons of Ireland, have unanimously resolved to oppose the intended Scheme of augmenting the Army in that Kingdom, during the Government of the present Lord Lieutenant. And that they will, in that Design, meet with the Support of Lord Viscount Mountmorris, and every other spirited Nobleman and Gentleman, who wish to preserve the Constitution from the Invasion of the Military.

It is said the Public will soon be entertained with a Narrative of another Negotiation, relative to the Purchase of a Place; and in which, it is also said, there was no Oath of Secrecy made, but the Honour alone of the Person depended on, and the Money taken.

Yesterday David Garrick, Esq; visited General Paoli, at his House in New Bond-Street.

It is said, that Mr. Wilkes will not be sworn in by a Mandamus, nor take his Seat in the Court of Aldermen, till the Expiration of his Sentence.

Mr. Wilkes only entered into the 43d Year of his Age last Saturday, not the 45th.

The India Company have appointed no less than 300 Officers to go to the East-Indies.

Letters from Sherborne, dated the 30th ult. mention, that at a Meeting of the Gentlemen Freeholders of Cornwall, in order to confer upon a Petition of Grievances, Sir John Moleworth, in an elegant Speech, after using many Arguments, concluded, "That whenever he was honoured with the particular Commands of his Constituents, he would obey them, tho' he was certain of being sent to Newgate the next Moment for it." The Petition was universally approved, and is now circulating round the Country.

Extract of a Letter from Salisbury, October 30.

"Our Accounts of the Affair at Jersey, from the Register of Certificates, bearing Date the 2d Inst. say, that all Matters respecting the Civil Government were then at a Stand, owing to the rising of the Country People, who assembled, and went to the Court-House, and forced their Way in, compelling the Governor and Court, then sitting, to sign an Order, consisting of 13 Articles (one of which was for the Expulsion of all Revenue Officers) and this Order has been published in the Market, and in all the Churches in that Island. The Letter adds, that Lieutenant Bailly, and many of the Jurats, have repaired to the Castle, out of the Reach of the Mob, and put themselves under the Protection of the military Force.

"Four or five Companies of the Royal Scots, now quartered at Winchester, are ordered to hold themselves in Readiness to embark on the first Notice for the said Island."

Yesterday his Grace the Duke of Northumberland visited General Paoli at his House in Bond-Street. After which the General went to dine with his Grace the Duke of Norfolk, at his House in St. James's-Square.

On Tuesday Dr. Samuel Johnson was introduced to General Paoli, by James Boswell, Esq; and they conversed together a considerable Time, greatly to their mutual Satisfaction: And Yesterday Mr. Cumming (the Quaker) of Surrey-Street, was introduced to the General, as the Conqueror of Senegal. The General seemed much surprised at Mr. Cumming's not taking off his Hat, in Return to his Salute, but remaining with it on, when a Gentleman present explaining the Nature of Mr. Cumming's religious Principles, they entered into an agreeable Conversation, at the Close of which the General told Mr. Cumming, he wished he could point out to him a Method for his recovering Corfica, with as little Bloodshed as the Conquest of Senegal cost.

On Sunday passed through Canterbury, the Duke of Dorset, for France.

The Expedition of a certain Great Man in a neighbouring Kingdom, it is said, was in order to sound the Country Gentlemen, with Respect to their Conduct in a Great Assembly the ensuing Winter, for which Office his E-----y is eminently qualified, from his entertaining Conversation and convivial Spirit. His Journey, however, it is asserted, has been to little Purpose; as a stronger Opposition to m-----l Measures is expected in Dublin this Season, than has been known for a Number of Years.

Sir Francis Bernard, we are assured, is not to revisit America again, in any public Character.

The Lord Mayor elect, has ordered the following Motto to be painted on his Coach and Banner, *Prior Metallis Libertas.*

We hear that the great Cause between Lord Halifax and Mr. Wilkes will come on next Term.

It is rumoured, that a certain American Governor has several Papers of very great Consequence in his Possession; which he will lay before an august Assembly, soon after the Opening the Sessions.

They write from Lisbon, that a magnificent Present is preparing to be sent to the Emperor of Morocco.

We hear, that Yesterday a Packet with Dispatches arrived at the Secretary's Office, from his Excellency Colonel Boyd, Governor of Gibraltar.

A Letter from Gibraltar contradicts the Report of Provisions being very dear in that Garrison; on the contrary, they continue to be plentifully supplied with fresh Provisions from Barbary, and all Kinds of Greens, Fruit, Vegetables, Poultry, &c. from Spain.

The Lord Chancellor was at Court Yesterday, but heard nothing of resigning the Seals.

The late Acts of Cruelty committed by the French on the brave unfortunate Natives of Corfica, many of whom they have hanged, has been greatly condemned by some Persons of the highest Consideration in this Kingdom; as the glorious Stand which those valiant Men have made for Liberty, should rather intitle them to the Admiration, or at least Lenity, even of an Enemy, instead of being accused of and executed for High Treason, in the most ignominious and cruel Manner.

It is said that 45 Hogsheds of Muscovado Sugars, and 45 Puncheons of Rum, are daily expected here, as Presents from the Leeward Island Planters to John Wilkes, Esq; Advice, it is reported, having been received of their being shipped.

Nov. 4. We hear that the Hon. William Henry Lyttleton, Esq; his Majesty's Ambassador at Lisbon, is not recalled, as has been mentioned in some of the Papers.

The following is Part of Dr. Mulgrave's Speech at the Castle of Exon, October 5.

"But perhaps the Gentleman * would suggest, that the Fact of my carrying an Information to Lord H----- is not fully proved. The Answer to this is easy. The Address has been published now 5 Weeks, in all which Time the Persons concerned have not contradicted it: They have not enquired, nay, it should seem by their Delays, that they dare not enquire into it. What better Proof of this Fact can any Man desire? Or does the Gentleman allow this, but is doubtful whether Lord H----- was under any Obligation to attend it, whether it might not be too frivolous to merit any Regard, and therefore thinks I ought to exhibit it, before I lay what he calls a Burden upon the County? I will make him easy as to that Point: I lay no Burden upon the County, or upon any Man. I take it all upon my own Shoulders. I myself impeach him; and the only Thing I wish or desire is to have my Impeachment heard, which, believe me, Gentlemen, never will be heard, unless you concur in requesting it."

* Mr. Short, who had told the Doctor, that he should produce the Proofs of his Charge against Lord Halifax.

The following is the State of petitioning at present; the under-named Counties, Cities, and Towns, having petitioned, or determined to Petition. Middlesex, Surrey, Wiltshire, Buckinghamshire, Yorkshire, Gloucestershire, Herefordshire, Devonshire, Somersetshire, Cornwall, Dorsetshire, Derbyshire, Warwickshire, Lincolnshire, Nottinghamshire, Northumberland, Denbighshire, Essex, Norfolk, London, Westminster (the first which mentioned the d----- of P-----) Bristol, Liverpool, Exeter, Oxford, Southwark, Newcastle, &c.

Hampshire, though a Government County, seems to have compromised. The Freeholders absolutely refused to address, and therefore have not petitioned.

Hertfordshire is silent, to the Astonishment of all the Kingdom. Kent, it is now said, will petition, notwithstanding the supposed Influence of the M-----y.

Yesterday General Paoli was at Court, after which he was visited by Lord Cadogan, and several others of the Nobility, at his House in Bond-street.

Mr. Alderman Trecothick also paid Gen. Paoli a Visit the same Day.

We hear, that Friday next is the Day fixed for hearing the Cause between Lord Halifax and Mr. Wilkes, which is to be before Lord Chief Justice Wilmot, and a special Jury of the County of Middlesex.

We are informed, that a certain great Assembly, upon their Meeting, will immediately take into Consideration the late Petitions presented to his M-----y, and that all necessary Preparations are making for that Purpose.

Yesterday Mr. Alderman Beckford, Lord Mayor elect, was presented to the Lord Chancellor for his Approbation, by Mr. Recorder. He was accompanied by Sir William Stevenson, Mr. Alderman Trecothick, Mr. Alderman Crosby, Mr. Alderman Peers, Mr. Alderman Nash, Sir James Esdaile, Mr. Alderman Halifax, and the two Sheriffs, preceded by the City Officers. After which they returned to Ironmongers Hall, where an elegant Entertainment was provided for them by Mr. Beckford. Mr. Recorder did not go in the Procession, but met them in Lincoln's-inn-fields.

We hear that the Lord Chancellor (in his Answer to the Recorder's Speech on his presenting the Lord Mayor elect for his Approbation) said, that as to any uncommon Proceedings in electing Mr. Beckford Mayor, he had nothing to do with them; if Mr. Beckford was legally elected by the Livery, and appointed by the Court of Aldermen, he had his Majesty's Orders to approve him Mayor.

Yesterday General Paoli paid a Visit to the Lord Chancellor.

We are assured General Paoli has not yet seen Mrs. Macaulay.

We hear that Col. Wynward is to succeed Col. Montgomery (now Earl of Eglinton) as Esquerry to the Queen.

It is rumoured, that a Memorial of a very important Nature is preparing to be sent to the Court of Madrid.

Yesterday some Dispatches, which arrived in the Hampden Packet-boat, Captain Braithwait, from Lisbon, were brought to the Earl of Weymouth's Office from the Hon. William Henry Lyttleton, his Majesty's Ambassador there.

Letters received at Constantinople from Bagdad, advise, that the greatest Part of that City was destroyed by an Earthquake in May last.

Yesterday the Duke of Grafton, Earl Gower, and Lord Weymouth, had the Honour of a joint Conference with his Majesty.

It is reported that a great Lawyer told the Lord Mayor elect, when presented to him Yesterday for his Choice, that no Endeavours had been used by any Person in A-----n to urge him to a Refusal of the City's Choice of their Chief Magistrate.

We hear that a great City Magistrate is a good deal chagrined at not having been honoured with the Commands of a Great Personage, with Respect to the Disposal of a late Bounty.

This Morning the Sheriffs waited on the great Officers of State, and others of the Nobility and Gentry, with Invitations to dine with the Lord Mayor on Thursday next at Guildhall.

A Correspondent says, "It is droll enough, that S. V. Esq; of all Men in the World, should refuse a Visit to General Paoli, merely on the Supposition, that he is dependent on the Ministry."

WILLIAMSBURG, December 14.

Last Night there was a Ball and elegant Entertainment at the Capitol, given by the Gentlemen of the Honourable the House of Burgesses to his Excellency the Governor, his Majesty's Council, and the Gentlemen and Ladies of this City, who were chiefly dressed in Virginia Cloth, and made a genteel Appearance. The Capitol was illuminated upon this Occasion.

ANNAPOLIS, December 21.

This Morning, at 10 o'Clock, at a numerous Meeting, by Beat of the Town Drum, at which were many of the Gentlemen Committees from the several Counties of this Province, who, in July last, formed and entered into the Articles for Non-Importation of British Superfluities, and for promoting Frugality, Economy, and the Use of American Manufactures;

Resolved unanimously, That the said Articles be most strictly adhered to, and preserved inviolate; and that each, and every Gentleman, present at this Meeting, will use his utmost Endeavour to those laudable Ends.

MARBLEHEAD, December 9.

The Goods imported from London, the last Fall, are now opened; and all the Importers in this Town, that came into the Agreement of Non-Importation, or that gave their Honours to conform to it, that had Goods come to their Hands, on their own Accounts, or Commissions, which were not admitted by said Agreement for carrying on of the Cod-Fishery, have been delivered up to the Committee, and stored: But are sorry that we are under the disagreeable Necessity to acquaint the Public, that Messieurs Jacob Fowle and Son, Thomas Robie, Israel Foster, and John Sparhawk, Importers of Goods from Great-Britain, have and do refuse coming into the said Agreement, or storing the Goods they imported last Fall, that are not excepted in the said Agreement, but obstinately persist in offering of them for Sale, contrary to the Spirit and Practice of almost all the Importers of British Manufactures in America; thereby demonstrating to the Public, that they fondly prefer their private Interest to the public Good.

Captain Gilbert, who arrived here in the Brig Hope, sailed from the Mole on the 7th ult. in Company with Capt. English, in a Brig belonging to Bolton; on the 10th Capt. English died, his Mate being then very ill, who had been speechless several Days before; on the 19th Captain English's Brig had her Foremast carried away by the Deck in a violent Gale, after which Captain Gilbert bore down towards her, and saw but one Man on board, the Weather being so bad he could not speak with him, nor lend any Assistance; soon after, Captain Gilbert, in Company with the Ship Houghton, Capt. John Sims, from Jamaica for London, put into Turks-Islands, from whence the Ship sailed again the last of November. While Capt. Gilbert lay at Turks-Islands, the Sloop Hunter, Capt. Welch, of Philadelphia, bound to the Bay, was cast away there, Vessel and Cargo entirely lost, People all saved.

N E W - Y O R K, December 28.

From the Papers by the Packet, there is not the least Appearance of a Design to repeal the Acts, imposing a Duty upon Goods imported into America, or to change the Ministry, or dissolve the Parliament; though Petitions from all Parts of England for a Dissolution, either have been prepared, or are preparing. A North-Briton, of October 28, says, it is impossible to imagine any Thing more cold, or forbidding, than the Reception these Petitions have met with from the Sovereign, who has never vouchsafed a single Syllable to any of the Gentlemen, that have attended on these Occasions; hence the Writer concludes, that we may absolutely despair of Success, at least for some Time. One Comfort only remains to us, as Englishmen.---Our History tells us, That whatever Minister has dared to act against the general Sense of the People, has, in the End, fallen the unpitied Victim of his own Insolence and Rashness.

January 1. The 10th ult. in Lat. 37, Long. 71, Captain Goodrich spoke with Captain Clark, from this Port for Dublin; next Day with the Ship Sufanna, from Virginia for Liverpool; and on the 12th, with a Brig from Philadelphia for Antigua, 5 Days out.

Captain Rose, in 42 Days from the Bay, last Friday Week, spoke with a Sloop from Philadelphia, bound for Statia, 1 Day out, all well. The first of October, there was a very hard Gale of Wind in the Bay, at E. N. E. but did little Damage.

A Motion having been made by an Honourable Member of our Assembly, for Leave to bring in a Bill to choose our Representatives for the future by Ballot, which was granted him.---And as a Law of that Nature has been long desired by all the judicious Friends to Liberty in this City, they were induced to publish a Number of Advertisements to bring the Inhabitants together, to obtain their Sentiments on the best Means to manifest their Approbation of that salutary Motion, and to make the Representatives of the City acquainted therewith, in order that they should concur in getting the Vote passed into a Law. In Consequence thereof, a Number of them assembled on Thursday last at Liberty Pole; but they were not so considerable as might have been expected. Therefore, that a more general Meeting might be had, it was postponed until the next Day, at Eleven o'Clock;---when a very considerable and respectable Number appeared. And if they had waited till Half past Twelve, the Number would have been increased several Hundreds.---But as the Day was raw and uncomfortable under Foot, they appointed a Gentleman to propound Questions to the People (before that Time) to know their Approbation of the said Vote, which was declared by a vast Majority; there being but a few Persons that dissented. A Committee was then appointed to communicate their Approbation to the City Members, which was done in Writing last Saturday.

New-Castle, on Delaware, January 1, 1770.

On Wednesday, the 27th Day of December last, the Worshipful the Justices of the Peace for the County of New-Castle, accompanied by the Gentlemen of the Law, and sundry others of the Town, preceded by the Sheriff, went in Procession to the Court-house, where a new Commission for the Honourable JOHN PENN, Esq; prolonging the Time of his Government, as Commander in Chief of the Province of Pennsylvania, and of the Counties of New-Castle, Kent, and Suffex, on Delaware, was read, in the Presence of a Concourse of People from around; on which joyous Occasion, the Guns on the Battery were fired, and the Colours displayed; after which the Company withdrew to the House of Mrs. Elizabeth Boggs, where their Majesty's Healths, and all the Royal Family, were drank, the Honourable the Proprietaries, and the Honourable John Penn, Esq; together with many other loyal Toasts to Liberty; the whole being conducted with great Decency, and good Order.

PHILADELPHIA, January 4.

To the Printers of the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

GENTLEMEN,

By giving the following a Place in your Paper, you will oblige many of your Readers. Yours, &c. A. B.

CHARITY and Benevolence, to the Indigent and Needy,

is the peculiar Character of the People of this Province; nor is there a City in the Universe, that has, in one Century from its first Rise, expended more in public and private Charities than we have. From this general Character, who would expect to hear of Objects amongst us, whose Sufferings and Miseries are beyond the Power of Words to describe? But such in Reality is the miserable Condition of the unhappy Criminals in our Goal every Winter; not so much for Want of Food, as from Cold and Nakedness, for private Families daily send them more or less, and in hard Winters the Religious Societies make public Collections, which is generally laid out in Provisions, and distributed amongst them; but as such Relief comes in irregular, they are sometimes two or three Days together without a morsel to eat. This is suffering, but it is in a small Degree to what they suffer at Times from the Inclemency of the Weather; in one of those bitter Nights, that changes the whole Face of Nature, and covers both Land and Water with Snow and Ice, we find that in a warm Room, perhaps with a Fire in our Chambers, and as much Bedding as we can turn under, we can scarcely sleep comfortably warm, in such a Night, what must be the Condition of twelve or fourteen poor Wretches in a Room, whose whole Apparel consists of an old Coat, or Jacket, a ragged Shirt and Breaches, or Trowers (that have not been shifted for Months) broken Shoes and Stockings, their bare Skin to be seen in many Parts of their Body thro' the Rents, and lying on the bare Floor, without a Rag to cover them, except the poor Apparel they have on, and, to add to their Misery, they are confined: Were they at large, they might beg, or otherwise procure some Assistance.

But behold a Scene still more affecting! A Scene, that must touch the Niggard's Heart with Pity, and pain the generous benevolent Mind! Amongst 80 or 100 Prisoners, generally confined in Goal, they are never without some Sick; hard indeed has been the Lot of many, who happened to be sick on such a Night: Let us realize to our Minds, such a One in Want of every Kind of Nourishment, except once a Day, at most, he receives a small Part of the Provisions, sent by charitable People, with his Fellow Prisoners, and takes up his Lodging with them on the Floor, without Covering, encircled with Stone-walls; emaciated and weak, he lies shivering, benumbed with pinching Cold, and aching Bones, striving (but unable) to shift his uneasy Posture, he draws himself up, or turns; but finds no Alleviation to his Misery, he makes one last feeble Effort to rise, but in vain, overcome with Hunger, Cold, Sickness and Despair, in Agony he stretches himself, he struggles, he gasps, and expires in the Dark. Such has been the Fate of many, and must be the Fate of many more, if some Relief is not provided for them; which cannot be done effectually, as I apprehend, but by our Legislature. At present the Goalers, or Prison-keepers, are not allowed to give the Prison Allowance to Criminals after Trial, or to provide either Bedding, or Cloaths; and if Humanity should induce charitable Persons to provide Bedding for them in the Winter, they would look upon it as their own, and in moderate Weather sell and embezzle it; but if the Prison-keepers were empowered to give the common Prison Allowance after Trial, and in the Fall to purchase a few Flock, or even Straw Beds, and Blankets, to be taken away in

the Spring, the Expence to the County would be very trifling, and would afford effectual Relief. If a Clause was inserted to fine or punish any Person, that purchased any Thing from the Prisoners, belonging to the Prison, it might have a good Effect to prevent them from selling their Bedding.

May Humanity, Sympathy, Religion; and all the tender Feelings of the human Heart, become Advocates, and so powerfully plead the Cause of these our poor unhappy Fellow Creatures, as to procure a proper Relief."

On Monday last the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province met here:

We are informed, that by the Vigilance of the Constables and Watchmen of this City, 16 Persons were detected in firing Guns on the Evening of the Thirty-first of last Month, and Morning of the First Instant, and being apprehended, and taken before the Magistrates, were severely reprimanded, and fined for the Offence: It is to be hoped, this will deter others from the unlawful and ridiculous Practice of firing Guns upon the Expiration of the Old, and Commencement of the New Year, which hath given great Disturbance to the Inhabitants for some Years past.

Extract of a Letter from London, Nov. 1, 1769.

"I am very much inclined to believe, that unless you relax somewhat, we shall have no Connexion together, at least for one Twelvemonth. There is a Rumour of an Intention to give you one General Assembly for the whole Continent, or perhaps two, and that every Thing is to be properly settled when the Parliament meets, but it is impossible with our Ministry to adjust so weighty a Matter in so short a Time. I am still of Opinion the Duties upon Glass, Paper and Painters Colours, will be repealed, but as certain that the Duty on Tea will remain. Our Manufacturers are so little sensible of the Want of their usual Trade with you, that People begin to entertain an Idea, that America never was of Half the Consequence to us that it was generally imagined to be; an Opinion that can never be your Interest to confirm. The Season, as I wrote you before, is unfavourable to your Resolutions; the Russian War, and other Circumstances, concur in occasioning an unusual Demand for our Manufactures. I do not see there are the least Dispositions to make Representations to Parliament for your Relief, which ought to convince you, that you were more indebted to the Merchants acting from a Motive of Principle, rather than Interest, in promoting the Repeal of the Stamp-Acts; for I assure you, there is some Degree of Remembrance of past Transactions remaining, which discourages us from acting so strenuously as we might otherwise be inclined to do, had our Friends given us our due Degree of Merit for our former Services; you yourselves have taken the Field, and I wish you Success in every constitutional Relief you may aim at obtaining.---Your Hints are good, with respect to shipping Goods, and at a proper Season I will profit by them, but cannot now think of making any further Provision whatever, for a Time that appears so distant. For my own Part, I declare I see no Possibility of any Trade to your Part of the World, till next Spring Twelvemonth. Thus far with respect to Trade, which is now least thought of.

"Affairs here grow very critical; the Counties are petitioning for a Dissolution of Parliament; I think the Times wear a gloomy Appearance; the Nation in general much dissatisfied, and God knows what will content them; but I am of Opinion, there will be some Bills of Attainder passed, before long, upon the Heads of one of the two Parties. Many suppose us ripe for Rebellion, but it is too ridiculous an Idea to attempt to refute; the Ministry are not strong enough to bring Matters to so desperate a Crisis."

Extract of a second Letter from London, of the same Date.

"News, there is little abroad. The Town is at present empty, and the Parliament do not meet till the Middle of January. Considerable Betts are depending at the West End, that the Lord Chancellor resigns before Saturday Se'night, and that either Sir F. Norton, or Mr. De Grey, succeeds him. A Rumour was spread Yesterday, that Sir William Draper is to be appointed Governor of South-Carolina, which has not since been contradicted. This Appointment will not be much in Favour of America, as Sir William has lately signalized himself very highly for the Court. The Merchants universal Agreement not to import the Manufactures of this Kingdom, under the present Circumstances, will certainly have its Influence, in procuring a Repeal of the Revenue Acts. All Ranks of People admire the calm Resolution with which the Pennsylvanians have proceeded to assert their Rights and Liberties; and it is now a general Opinion, that a total Repeal will take Place early in the next Sessions, for which Event every true Lover of both Countries is bound to pray."

Extract of a third Letter from London, of same Date.

"The Parliament will not meet before the 10th of January, and it is much doubted whether American Affairs will be brought on the Carpet till late in the Sessions."

Extract of a Letter from London, November 2.

"The Trade of pushing forward Petitions, for the Dissolution of the Parliament, goes on in different Parts of the Kingdom, with more Success (tho' not without Opposition) than could have been conceived; so that by the Time the Parliament meets, in January, this Kingdom will be in the strangest, and most unaccountable Situation, that can be imagined. No Judgment can possibly be formed of such a Situation. It will be very fortunate, in my Mind, if Matters are prevented from coming to the most disagreeable Extremities next Winter. Hitherto all Parties have joined in shewing all possible Respect, in Words at least, to the King; but he will soon be brought into a very disagreeable Dilemma.

"With regard to your American Affairs, the Ministry are disposed, heartily disposed, to afford you the wished for Relief. But to go through with this, and some other very ardent Tasks, that await them this Winter, demands a greater Degree of Courage, Steadiness, and Perseverance, than they are Masters of.---We shall see how they behave.---It is said they intend to stand their Ground; their Head, the Duke of Grafton, means well; but, from his Youth and Inexperience, it cannot be expected that he can yet have acquired sufficient Authority to fill the high Station he now holds."

Extract of a Letter from an eminent Merchant in Bristol, to his Correspondent in this City, dated October 30, 1769.

"I am pleased with the steady Conduct of the American Merchants, wishing they may continue unanimous in not importing Goods from hence, in general, while the pernicious Revenue Acts exist; I think no Measure more like to produce a Repeal thereof than this, so properly adapted, at a Time that your City, to my Knowledge, was much over-done with European Goods."

Captain Egdon, from Figuera, on the 11th of last Month, in Lat. 35:54, Long. 70:23, spoke the Sloop Sally, Captain Gilbert, from this Place for St. Croix, 3 Days out, all well.

From New-Castle we learn, that in the Night of the 25th of December, the Treasurer's Office there was broke open, and robbed of a considerable Sum of Money; that some of the Family hearing a Noise, got up, and alarmed the Neighbourhood, when several Persons went immediately in Search of the Robbers, several of whom were taken, and confined in Goal; and that another of them was pursued out of Town, and taken, after making some Resistance, by cutting one Man badly in the Hand, and wounding another in the Groin; on searching him, about Eighty Pounds of the Money was found on him.

On Saturday last, a Fire broke out in the House of Mr. Paul Engle, at Germantown, which consumed the upper Floor and Roof, before it was extinguished. Mr. Engle (about 80 Years of Age) it is thought, was so overcome with Surprise and Fatigue, in assisting at the Fire, that he died soon afterwards.

And on Saturday Evening, a Fire broke out in one of the Vendue-Houses, at the upper End of Second-street, which did considerable Damage to the Goods therein, but it was happily extinguished, without much Damage to the Building.

A R R I V A L S.

From Philadelphia. Captain Friend, at Plymouth; Powell, at Falmouth; and the Captains Gamble, Osman, Robeson, Kerlin, Johnson, Orr, and Williams, at Lisbon.

The Captains Moore, and Harvey, from Lisbon; and Captain Martin, from Jamaica, arrived at Reedy-Island.

At the CHARITY SERMONS, preached by the Reverend Mr. STRINGER, in St. Paul's Church, there was collected, for the Benefit of the PRISONERS, and other Poor, Forty-three Pounds, Four Shillings, and Three-pence.

The PRISONERS return their hearty Thanks to the MEMBERS of a FIRE-COMPANY, for their generous Present sent them last Week.

The Members of the AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY will be pleased to take Notice, that the Election of their Officers for the ensuing Year, is to be held at the College, Tomorrow, the 5th of January, between the Hours of Two and Five in the Afternoon; and that it is required by their Laws, that such Members, as have not paid in their Subscriptions for the present Year, do pay the same, before they can be entitled to a Vote. The Treasurer will attend at the Place of Election to receive such outstanding Subscriptions; and Business will begin Half an Hour after Two precisely.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, Philadelphia; INWARD ENTRIES. Schooner Charming Nancy, J. Muldowny, Halifax. Brig Ellis, S. R. Egdon, Figuera.

OUTWARDS. Ship Earl of Donegal, D. Ferguson; and Ship Philadelphia, J. Malcom, Belfast. Ship Speedwell, P. Le Cocq, Liverpool. Snow Rebecca, J. Miller, Lisbon. Sloop Success, S. Decater, Dominica. Brig Rebecca, C. Nicholas, Antigua.

CLEARED. Brig George, R. Paul, Londonderry. Brig James, S. Crawford, St. Croix. Schooner Hannah, J. Woods, Montserrat. Ship Chester, L. Weekes, Tenerife and Cadiz.

By AUTHORITY,

By the AMERICAN COMPANY, (NEVER ACTED THERE)

At the THEATRE in SOUTHWARK, To-morrow, being Friday, the 5th of January, will be presented, a COMIC OPERA, called

The MAID of the MILL,

With a DANCE, incidental to the PIECE.

To which will be ADDED,

The King and the Miller of MANSFIELD.

T O B E L E T T,

A HOUSE and SHOP in LOMBARD-STREET, near the Corner of THIRD-STREET, fit for either a CARPENTER or JOINER. Enquire of

CALEB CASH, in Carter's Alley.

A QUANTITY OF

CHINA, GLASS, and STONE WARE,

To be Sold by

JAMES BUDDEN,

At his Store in Front-street, a few Doors below the London Coffee-House. 6 W.

T O B E S O L D,

UPWARDS of three Years unexpired, of the Time of an indentured English Servant WOMAN, very capable of House-work, and can wash and iron, and is handy at her Needle. For further Particulars, enquire of the PRINTERS.

Extract from an Act for regulating, pitching, paving and cleansing the highways, streets, lanes and alleys; and for regulating, making and mending the water-courses and common-sewers, within the inhabited and settled parts of the city of Philadelphia; for raising money to defray the expences thereof, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

AND whereas, by late extraordinary encroachments of cellars, doors, steps and porches, made in the streets of the said city, of jut-windows, bulks, and other incumbrances, the said streets are greatly obstructed; and by a number of spouts or gutters, set at the eaves of pent-houses, and other places, in the said streets, large collections of water are discharged in rainy seasons, on persons passing near the same; Be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall hereafter make and set up, or shall cause to be made and set up, in any street of 50 feet wide, or upwards, within the said city, any porch, cellar-door, or step, which shall extend beyond the distance of four feet three inches into such street, or a proportionate distance into any narrower street, where the same shall be made or set up; and if any person or persons shall hereafter make and set up, or cause to be made and set up, any bulk, jut-window, or incumbrance whatsoever, whereby the passage of any street shall be obstructed, or shall so place, or cause to be placed, any spout or gutter, whereby the passage of any street shall be incommoded, every person so offending, and being legally convicted thereof, before any justice of the peace of the said city, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of Thirty Shillings, and shall forthwith remove, or cause the said nuisance to be removed.

And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the owner or owners of any house within the said city, having, at the publication hereof, any porch, cellar-door or step, extending into any street beyond the limitation aforesaid, or having fixed or fastened to such house, any bulk, jut-window, or other incumbrance whatsoever, shall yearly, and every year, pay to such person or persons, as shall be appointed by the Commissioners for paving the streets to receive and collect the same, such sum or sums of money, as the said Commissioners and Assessors of the said city shall assess and settle, as a full compensation to the public, until such porch, cellar-door, or step, to him, her or them respectively belonging, shall be reduced to the limits aforesaid, or such bulk, jut-window, or other incumbrance, shall be removed or taken away; and every owner or owners of any house or houses, whereunto any spout or gutter shall, at the time of the publication hereof, be so fixed and placed, that the waters thereby discharged may incommodate persons passing the said streets, shall, and they are hereby enjoined and required forthwith to remove, or effectually to alter and amend the same.

And the said Commissioners are hereby further authorized and empowered to remove, or cause to be removed, all manner of obstructions to the passage through the said streets, which they shall find remaining in the same an unnecessary length of time.

W A S L O S T,

In or near the Old Chapel, on Christmas Morning last, A HALF-WORN BEAVER HAT. Whoever has found the same, and will bring it to the Printers hereof, shall have FIVE SHILLINGS Reward.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of MARY JACOB, deceased, late of this City, Shopkeeper, are desired to make speedy Payment to the Subscribers; and those that have any Demands against said Estate, are requested to apply to

ANN GILLINGHAM,) Executrices.

MARY JACOB,)

N. B. The SHOPKEEPING BUSINESS will be continued in the same Place, where Customers may depend on being well served.

WE, the Subscribers, Executors of the last Will and Testament of the late Mr. JOHN ROGERSON, deceased, desire all Persons indebted to the Estate of the deceased, either by Bill, Bond, or on Book Account, to make speedy Payment; likewise desire all those, who have any demands against said Estate, to bring in their Accounts, attested according to Law, in order to have them settled by us

LETITIA ROGERSON, Executrix,

DANIEL ROBINSON, Executor.

N. B. DANIEL ROBINSON desires all those indebted to the late Copartnership of Daniel Robinson & Company, to pay off their respective Balances; and those that have any Demands on said Company, to apply to him for Settlement. Tbc8W.

WAS taken up, and brought to my House, at the Sign of the Buck, in Second-street, on Saturday Morning last, a dark forrel MARE, with a bald Face, and one Wall-eye, her hind Feet white, and has some Saddle Marks. Whoever has lost said Mare, is requested to come, pay Charges, and take her away, or she will be sold for the same, by January 2, 1770. LEWIS FARMER.

JUST PUBLISHED,
(Price only One Shilling, though the British Edition is sold for no less than Three Shillings)

And to be SOLD by JOHN DUNLAP, at the NEWEST PRINTING-OFFICE, the South Side of the Jersey Market, and three Doors below Second-Street, Philadelphia.

A NORTH BRITON Extraordinary: Containing a curious and comprehensive Review of English and Scottish History, concerning important Events, relative to the Union of the two Kingdoms, Commerce, National Independence, and the Grand Cause of Liberty: By which it is clearly demonstrated, that the Scots Nation, both by Words and Actions, hath always been strenuous and warm Assertors of the Liberties of the People:—Likewise some Observations on Property, Revenue Officers, Pensioners, and rapacious Courtiers.—Written by a YOUNG SCOTSMAN, formerly a Volunteer in the Corsican Service.

No quid falsum dicitur, ne quid veri non audeat.
To utter Falshood, or deceitful Lies, let none presume,
To speak the Truth, let all be bold.

Just published also (Price ONE SHILLING) and to be sold by said DUNLAP.

A NEW Edition of the celebrated SERMONS to ASSES (Supposed to be written by the ingenious Doctor Franklin) wherein Civil and Religious Oppression, Taxes, Ecclesiastical Tythes, Canons, Creeds, &c. are fully expatiated on. The Author, through the Whole of the Performance, displays great Humour and Freedom, much sarcastic Wit, and a true Spirit of Liberty. These curious Sermons are written in the Stile and Manner of the celebrated Yoric, and has been so well received by the Public, that an Edition of 1000 Copies have been sold within the Space of a few Months, at Two Shillings each.

To be SOLD, at a Distance not less than 30 Miles from Philadelphia.

ALIKELY NEGROE BOY, about 10 Years old, has had the Small-pox and Measles. Twelve Months Credit will be allowed, giving good Security, if required. Enquire of the PRINTERS. Theirs.

TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward.

STRAYED or **STOLEN** from ANDREW BANKSON'S pasture, on the road leading from this city to Gloucester ferry, about a fortnight since, a strong built black horse, with a star in his forehead, about 15 hands high, 6 years old, both paces and trots, but is most fond of his pace; has one of the patters of his hind foot a little thicker than the other, which appears as if a ring bone was forming there, has no brand mark, or any white about him, except the star mentioned. Whoever will bring the above described horse to me the subscriber, living in Market-street, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by ANDREW BANKSON. §

On Wednesday, the 7th of February next, at five o'clock in the evening, will be sold, at the London Coffee-House,

A VERY good new 2 story brick house and kitchen, late the property of David Pancoast, situate on the west side of Second-street (being the house in which Dr. Bond carried on his stocking manufactory, nearly opposite to George Schloffer's.) The house is 18 feet 9 inches in front, and 31 feet in depth; the kitchen 14 feet by 17.—They are insured for four years from next spring. The house lets for 33 l. per annum, is very convenient for a tavern, and well situated for a retail shop. The lot is 90 feet deep, bounded backwards by an alley parallel to Second-street, and communicating with Vine and Elm-streets, and is subject to a groundrent of 8 Spanish pistoles and a quarter per annum.

All persons who have any demands against said Pancoast, are desired to bring in their accounts to the subscribers, before the 15th day of February next, otherwise they will be excluded from a dividend; and all those indebted to said Pancoast, are requested to make immediate payment. WILLIAM SHIPLEY, LAMBERT CADWALADER, JOHN SALTAR, Assignees. § 4 W.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Coventry town-ship, Chester county, a servant man, named Nicholas Leech, about 5 feet 8 inches high, has a red face, small grey eyes, a large crooked nose, and straight light coloured hair; had on, when he went away, a new felt hat, whitish double-breasted jacket, a new blue coat, German leather breeches, and blue stockings. Whoever takes up said servant man, and secures him, so that the owner gets him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN LIGHT. §

CAME to the plantation of THOMAS MARSHALL, in Byberry township, Philadelphia county, 5 sheep, all marked, one ear with a crop and slit, and the other with a slit and an halfpenny. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take them away.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situate in Charles-Town township, Chester county, containing 200 acres of good land, near one half of it cleared; part whereof is excellent meadow, watered with never-failing springs; the cleared land is very natural to all kinds of grain, and the woodland exceeding well timbered. There are, on the premises, a dwelling-house, barn and stables, a good bearing orchard, and other improvements. Said plantation lies distant about 32 miles from Philadelphia, in a very healthy part of the country, two miles from the Valley Forge, about the same distance from four merchant mills, and convenient to sundry places of worship, of different denominations. For further particulars, and terms of sale, apply to the subscriber, living on the premises. JOHN BEATON.

N. B. An indisputable title will be given; and the purchaser may have possession early in the spring.

RUN away from their bail, the 11th of December last, one ROBERT GOLT, about 26 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high; of a sandy complexion, wore his own hair, commonly tied behind; wore, and took with him, when he went away, a felt hat, cocked up very tight, a brown double-breasted jacket, with cuffed sleeves, the cuffs made of buff-coloured cloth, and bath white metal buttons; a green under-jacket, without sleeves, with yellow metal buttons, good leather breeches, Russia shooting shirt, milled grey stockings, and strong shoes. The other, LAUGHIN LAFARDY, about 26 years of age, with black curled hair, remarkable large crooked nose, and fore-crooked shins, about 5 feet 9 inches high; wore, and took with him, when he went away, a felt hat, an old brown coat, with cuffed flaps sleeves, and mis-bair buttons, lightish coloured nap cloth jacket, with cuffed sleeves, the cuffs of different coloured cloth, with white metal buttons, and an under green jacket, check flannel shirts, new leather breeches, worsted stockings, and strong shoes. They are great lovers of liquor, and gaming; said Golt is a remarkable good singer; it is supposed they are gone towards Lightfoot's Furnace, in Maryland, or to the Jerseys. Whoever takes up the said runaways, and secures them in any of his Majesty's goals, and gives notice to the subscribers, near the Yellow-Springs, in Pikeland, in Chester county, shall have EIGHT DOLLARS reward, or Four Dollars for each of them, from WILLIAM EVANS, JOHN JONES.

N. B. All masters of Iron-works are desired to secure them as above, as the subscribers are great sufferers by them. § 7/6.

JAMAICA Spirits, West-India Rum, Cotton, Coffee, Rice, Ginger, Mackerel, Tanner's Oil, and a large Parcel of Lampblack, to be sold by JOSIAH HEWES, in Chestnut-street, near Second-street.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Leacock town-ship, Lancaster county, on Tuesday, the 15th of August last, a native Irish servant man, named Francis Davenport, or Divers, 18 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high, with short brown hair, cut on the top of his head, dark complexion, pale visage, with a very down look when spoke to; his right ankle was strained, and when he walks the side of his foot is foremost, he has a cut on said leg, below the knee, about 3 inches across, says he is a bemp-backer by trade; had on, and took with him, a light coloured cloth jacket, with sleeves lined with orange coloured lincey, with a few clear buttons on it, 2 coarse shirts, 3 pair of coarse trousers, the leg of one of them, being too short, had about a foot sewed to it, a pair of leather breeches, an old wool hat, and an Indian blanket; he was seen in company with a little fellow, an Englishman, named John Alder, 35 years of age, about 5 feet 5 inches high, of a dark complexion, thin visage, with short light-brown hair, and a high forehead; he is very apt to swear in his common discourse; had on, and took with him, a light-coloured short coat, twilled, an old brown jacket, a fine shirt, 2 coarse ditto, 1 of hempen linen, the other ozenbrigs, and a pair of trousers of the same, blue plush breeches, with clear buttons, a pair of white cotton stockings, new shoes, and a pair of old ditto, with brass buckles, 2 wool hats, one new, the other old, a parcel of sleeve buttons, and two silk handkerchiefs; says he lived on Kent-Island, in Maryland, and has a wife and two children there. Whoever secures said fellows, in any of his Majesty's goals, so that I may get them again, shall have SEVEN POUNDS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me BENJAMIN VERNOR. §

N. B. Forty Shillings for the servant, and Five Pounds for Alder; all masters of vessels, and others, are forbid to harbour or carry them off at their peril. They may change clothes with each other.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

A PLANTATION, containing 100 acres of land, situate in Lower Merion, about 9 miles from Philadelphia, whereon are a log dwelling-house and barn, a young bearing orchard of about 100 apple-trees, and other fruit trees, about 40 acres of cleared land, fresh and good, 6 or 7 acres whereof is good watered meadow, and as much more may easily be made, the remainder woodland, with an extraordinary convenience to erect a fulling-mill, or other Water-works, a large and constant stream passing through it.

ALSO a plantation adjoining the same, containing 75 acres of extraordinary good land, near 12 acres whereof is the best watered meadow, about one half of the whole is cleared, and under very good fence. On the premises are erected, and in good repair, a valuable and well-accommodated grist-mill, with two pair of stones, one French burr, the other country stones, together with two boulding-cloths, a fan, and hoisting-gears all going by water; and likewise a good and convenient saw-mill, contiguous to the former, with the appurtenances thereto belonging, in good order, also a good squared log dwelling-house, with a cellar under the whole; a convenient stone spring-house, over a never failing spring, near the dwelling-house; a commodious barn and stables, barracks for hay, &c. a smith's shop, with a log-house, to accommodate the same, a smoke-house, and other necessary buildings. Any person or persons inclined to purchase the whole, or either of the above mentioned premises, on paying one fourth of the purchase money in hand, may have any reasonable time to pay the remainder, on giving security, and paying interest therefor. The whole, or any Part, will be shewn to any person desirous to view the same, by applying to the owner, living on the premises.

§ 5 W. JOHN RIGHTER.

N. B. The TITLE is indisputable.

ROBERT LEVERS,

At the sign of the Sugar-loaf, Pound of Chocolate, and Tea Coffer, in Second-street, between Market-street and Chestnut-street, and exactly opposite Black Horse Alley, has lately opened shop, and has now for sale, a large and general assortment of GROCERY GOODS, which he intends to sell both wholesale and retail, for Ready Money, at the cheapest rates. Some of the articles are as follow, viz.

HSO N, green and bobea teas, leaf and lump sugar, muscovado sugars, by the barrel or pound, coffee and chocolate, raisins and currants, figs, pepper and ginger, allspice, nutmegs, cloves, mace, cinnamon, rice. Likewise best old Madeira wine in bottles; Ditto, with Lisbon, Fyall, and other wines, by the quarter cask, gallon and quart. French brandy, Holland Geneva, old Jamaica spirits, West-India, New-England and Philadelphia rum, sold by the hoghead, barrel, gallon or quart. Logwood, redwood, copperas, brimstone, madder, cotton, indigo, starch, allom, chalk, powder and shot, cork, soap paper, writing paper, &c. &c.

N. B. Said LEVER S returns his Thanks to his Friends, and the Public, for their kind encouragement, from one time to another; and he will endeavour to merit a continuance of their favours, by keeping the best of goods, and serving his customers on the most reasonable terms.

L O S T,

ON the 13th of December, 1769, between the Middle Ferry and Newtown Square, a Silver WATCH, with a China Face, Maker's Name John Bradford, London, No. 417. Whoever has found the same, and will leave it at Jonathan Humphreys's, at the said Ferry, or at Thomas Thomas's Mill, in Radnor, shall have Ten Shillings Reward, paid by LEVI LEWIS.

Philadelphia, October 12, 1769.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that, in pursuance of an act of parliament intituled, "An Act for vesting certain estates in Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Maryland, belonging to the proprietors of a partnership, commonly called, The Pennsylvania Land Company in London, in trustees to be sold, and for other purposes therein mentioned,"—on the 13th day of April next, at 10 o'clock in the morning, will be exposed to sale, to the highest bidder, by public cant or auction, at the Old Ferry House, kept by William Wells, in Water-street, between Market and Mulberry-streets in this city, the following plantations or tracts of land in the county of Kent on Delaware.

A plantation or tract of land, containing about 450 acres, situate in Mispillion hundred, now in possession of Edmund Melvin.

A plantation or tract of land, containing about 200 acres situate in Mispillion hundred, now in possession of Moses Clampt.

A tract of land, containing about 50 acres, situate in Murderkill hundred, now or late in possession of Ringold.

Persons desiring further information respecting the premises, are desired to apply to the subscribers in this city. JACOB COOPER, SAMUEL SHOEMAKER, JOSHUA HOWELL, Attornies to the Trustees.

WHEREAS several watches have been left at the shop of the late Thomas Stretch, deceased, by persons unknown, makers names as follow; 1. David Terrier; 2. Jacques Poette; 3. Benjamin Bell; 4. Anthony Ward, Philadelphia; 5. Peter Semaire. This may serve to inform the owners, that if they prove their property, and pay the charges to ISAAC STRETCH, Watchmaker, in Second-street, next door to the corner of Chestnut-street, by the first day of February next, they may have them again, otherwise they will be sold for the charges, by PETER STRETCH.

WANTS a PLACE,

A THOROUGH COOK and **HOUSE-KEEPER**, who would be willing to enter into any Gentleman's Family in this City, or the Country, and can be well recommended. Enquire of the Printers hereof.

Gloucester, December 19, 1769.
WAS taken up and committed to Gloucester Goal, agreeable to an Advertisement of William Wilfon, Constable of East-Caln Township, Chester County, in the Province of Pennsylvania, a certain William M'Kerachan; therefore the said William Wilfon is hereby desired to come immediately and take him out, by RICHARD JOHNSON, Goaler. §

WAS found in the Custody of a Woman, who was taken up on Suspicion of Felony, a Piece of Cambrick, supposed to be stolen at Wilmington Fair. The Owner, on applying to the Subscriber, in the Borough of Chester, may have it again. HENRY HALE GRANAM.

For B E L F A S T,

The Ship PHILADELPHIA,
JAMES MALCOM, MASTER, Remarkable fast sailing ship, and has good accommodations for passengers; part of her cargo ready to go on board, and will sail with all convenient speed. For freight or passage apply to M'NEILE and TOLBERT, or said Master, at Mr. Bickley's wharf. Philadelphia, Dec. 20, 1769.

N. B. The said M'Neile and Tolbert have for sale, some calks of CORK BUTTER.

PURSUANT to an Order of the Orphan's Court for Chester County, will be exposed to Sale by public Vendue, on Monday, the 15th Day of January inst. on the Premises, a certain Tract or Parcel of Land, situate, lying and being in the Township of East-Caln, in the said County, bounded by Lands of John M'Farland, James M'Farland, Francis Pearson, William Roberts, and Robert Parke, containing 195 Acres, and Allowance; late the Estate of Alexander M'Clane, deceased. Where due Attendance will be given by WILLIAM M'CLANE, Administrator.

TO BE LETT,

And may be entered on in February next, **A GOOD BRICK HOUSE**, with two Acres of excellent Ground for a Garden, situate in Southwark, and within a Mile of the New-Market, together with one Half or the Whole of 200 choice Apple-trees, whereof above two Thirds are the best Newtown Pippins. A Person wanting such a Place, and has, or can purchase six Cows, may be accommodated with a sufficient Quantity of, as good Meadow as any near this City, and not distant more than one Mile and an Half from the Dwelling-house. Any one that desires further Information, may apply to the Printers hereof; but to save Trouble, none need apply, except he can produce a Character from a Person of Reputation, of his being a tolerable good Gardiner, and an industrious sober Man. Theirs.

THE PUBLIC may be informed (by us the Subscribers) that we have made use of THIS COUNTRY STEEL, in various Ways, some of which we found very good, and a great Deal otherwise. BUT, upon a late Trial of the STEEL, made by HUMPHREYS and ZANE, we have used it for different Kinds of Work; some of us have tried it in the very best of edged Tools, and do find that it is EQUAL, if not SUPERIOR, to any imported from ENGLAND. Witness our Hands,

ADAM STRICKER, sen.	ROBERT EASTBURN,
JAMES HENDRICKS,	JAMES HENDRICKS,
DANIEL OFFLEY,	DANIEL OFFLEY,
ISAAC BUCKINGHAM,	ISAAC BUCKINGHAM,
WILLIAM DAWSON,	WILLIAM DAWSON,
MATTHEW POTTER, jun.	MATTHEW POTTER, jun.
JAMES COFFEY,	JAMES COFFEY,
CHARLES STOLKS,	CHARLES STOLKS,
JOHN CRIPS,	JOHN CRIPS,
DANIEL MURPHY,	DANIEL MURPHY,
BENJAMIN HUMPHREYS,	BENJAMIN HUMPHREYS,
WILLIAM FLANINGAM,	WILLIAM FLANINGAM,
MARTIN PENDERGAST,	MARTIN PENDERGAST,
JOHN GRIFFITH, Fullers-	JOHN GRIFFITH, Fullers-
Shears-Maker,	Shears-Maker,
DANIEL GILMAN,	DANIEL GILMAN,
JOSHUA KNIGHT,	JOSHUA KNIGHT,
JOHN MADARE,	JOHN MADARE,

Said STEEL is to be sold by ATTMORE and PETERS, at their Store in WATER-STREET, a few Doors below CHESTNUT-STREET; where may be had, IRON of the best Quality, well assorted, either by Wholesale or Retail; also Lamp and Tanner's Oil, Madder, Allum, Copperas, Indigo, Logwood, Fustick, Braziletto, Brimstone, Rozin, Tar, Raisins, Starch, and a general Assortment of West-India Goods, as usual.

For CHARLES-TOWN, South-Carolina,

The BRIG PRINCE OF WALES,
THOMAS MASON, COMMANDER;

Has excellent Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail as soon as possible. For Freight, or Passage, apply to Captain GEORGE NOARTH, ALEXANDER LUNAN, or said Commander, at Thomas Riche's Wharf.

A Parcel of clean new RICE, to be sold by said Lunan.

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of GROUND, on the South-side of Lombard-street, adjoining the House of the Widow Katter, and Ground of John Williams, 18 Feet front, and 77 Feet deep, clear of all Incumbrances. For Particulars enquire of WILLIAM KOSTOR, Cooper, in Walnut-street.

TO BE SOLD,

By virtue of the last will and testament of Samuel Bonnell, late of the City of Philadelphia, blacksmith, deceased,

A VALUABLE Plantation, and tract of land, situate in the Township of Waterford, in the County of Gloucester, in the western division of the Province of New-Jersey, containing 130 acres and an half, and the usual allowance for highways, bounded by the lands of John Shivers, and Francis Bonnell, now in the tenure of Benjamin Archer, with a good frame dwelling-house and barn erected thereon, pleasantly situated on Cooper's creek, and within 4 miles of the city of Philadelphia, where garden truck may be raised in great plenty, and brought to Philadelphia market by water. There are about 17 acres of choice good meadow, part whereof is under good bank. The upland is good in kind; about 50 acres cleared, and the rest choice good wood-land, and very well watered.

Also, a convenient well finished 3 story brick messuage or tenement, and lot of ground, situate on the bank of the river Delaware, between Sassafras and Vine-streets, in the city of Philadelphia, now in the tenure of the Widow White, containing in breadth, on Front-street and Water-street, 15 feet, and in length about 40 feet, subject to the Proprietary thirds of One Shilling sterling per foot in breadth per annum, and to the payment of Forty-five Shillings sterling per annum groundrent. Any person inclining to purchase either of the premises aforesaid, may have time for the payment of the greatest part of the purchase money, by giving security, and paying interest. The titles are indisputable. For conditions, and further particulars, please to apply to us, the Subscribers, in Philadelphia, SARAH BONNELL, Executrix, THOMAS BONNELL, PETER THOMPSON, Executors. Theirs.

Note, Those Numbers that have no Sums annexed to them, drew Prizes of THREE POUNDS.

For a Prize of 1000 <i>l.</i> receive	-	-	-	£ 850	0	0	For a Prize of 150 <i>l.</i> receive	-	-	-	£ 127	10	0	For a Prize of 25 <i>l.</i> receive	-	-	-	£ 21	10	0
500	-	-	-	425	0	0	100	-	-	-	85	0	0	10	-	-	-	8	10	0
250	-	-	-	212	10	0	50	-	-	-	42	10	0	5	-	-	-	2	11	0

* * I certify the above to be a true Lift of the Prizes, drawn in the Third Class of the *Philadelphia* and *Worcester* Lottery. STEPHEN BAYARD, *Check Clerk.*

VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOT, containing in front 62 feet, and in depth 69 perches and 12 feet, the greatest part thereof is excellent watered meadow ground, in prior to none in the neighbourhood; there is on the premises, a good almost new two story stone Hatter's shop, well calculated for carrying on that business, with suitable stabling, &c. Likewise one lot of ground, containing about 4 acres, joining Bensell's Lane, and situated near Mr. Pemberton's country seat. The whole being situated opposite John Jones (senior's) tanyard. Any person inclining to view the premises, or purchase, before the day of sale, may apply to
GEORGE KEMMER, Esq.

TO BE LETT,
A HOUSE at the Corner of Front and Arch-streets, on the Bank. Enquire of MARGARET CLYMER, in Cherry-street, or GEORGE CLYMER, near the New-Market. †

To be SOLD, by
WILLIAM BROWN,
In Dock-street, near the BRIDGE.
A GOOD Assortment of dressed LEATHER, Deer and Sheep Skins, Mens and Boys Breeches, Gloves, and Wool, at reasonable Rates, either by the Quantity, or otherwise. Where may be had, good Patterns for Leather Jackets. †

To be sold by public vendue, at the London Coffee-house, on Wednesday, the 14th day of February next, at five o'clock in the evening, several valuable houses and lots of ground, being part of the estate of JOHN BAILY, gold-smith, viz.

ONE certain lot of ground (with a neat 3 story brick house erected thereon, being the north-west corner of Front and Chestnut-streets) containing in breadth, on Front-street, 20 feet, and in length or depth, on Chestnut-street, 24 feet, having an extensive and convenient vault in Chestnut-street, now in the tenure of the said Baily, and subject to a ground rent of £ 6 15 2 currency per annum.

One other lot of ground (with a good two story brick house erected thereon) situate on the north side of Chestnut-street, containing in breadth, on said street, 25 feet, and in length or depth 20 feet, having also an extensive and convenient vault, the same being a noted and well accustomed beer house for upwards of 20 years, now in the tenure of William Moore, and adjoining the first mentioned messuage.

A certain ground-rent of 6 pounds currency per annum, issuing out of a house and lot, now in the tenure of Charles Meredith, and adjoining the first mentioned messuage.

One other lot of ground (with a two story frame house erected thereon, 17 feet by 17, with a brick gable end to the southward; a kitchen and bake-house 30 feet by 11, 2 stories, and a loft over them; part brick, and part wood, and new shingled last summer, having a good large oven) situate on the west side of Front-street, between Pine and Almond-streets, containing in breadth 17 feet, and in length or depth 126 feet, and now in the tenure of Philip Fiske.

Also a certain lot or piece of ground, containing in breadth on Schuylkill, Front and Second-streets, 102 feet, and in length or depth 396 feet, under a good post and rail fence.

Good and sufficient titles will be given for the above estate, by JOHN RHEA, CHARLES MEREDITH, GEORGE MEADE, WILLIAM CRAIG, JOHN WILCOCKS, SAMUEL C. MORRIS, Assignees.

Philadelphia, December 26, 1769.
WHEREAS HANNAH, the wife of THOMAS HODGE, of this city, chimney sweeper, has eloped from her said husband, and run him considerably in debt; this is to forewarn all persons from trusting her on his account, as he will pay no debts of her contracting from the date hereof.
† **THOMAS HODGE.**

TO BE SOLD,
A LIKELY healthy Dutch servant MAID; has 5 years to serve, can sew, knit, and spin, and is fit for town or country business. Enquire of the printers. †

THREE POUNDS Reward.
ABSCONDED from his bail, some time ago, a certain NICHOLAS PURTLE, of a fairish complexion, and lightish coloured hair, some what curled, if not cut off, his apparel not known; he is about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, and has followed several sorts of employments in Chester county, and kept Tavern, some time ago, at the Cross-Roads, in said county; he is very talkative, of a fair speech, and much given to dissimulation. Whoever takes up said Purtle, and secures him in any of His Majesty's goals, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by DAVID HARLAN, living in London Grove township, Chester county.
† The 12th of Twelfth-Month, 1769.

WAS stolen out of the stable belonging to the subscriber, in New-Britain township, Bucks county, in the night, a black HORSE, with a bald face, 9 years old, about 14 hands high, branded on the near shoulder with an S, though something dim; shod before, lately trimmed, has several saddle marks, and a scar of an old cut goes across the foot lock joint, at the off side and fore foot, paces, trots and hand-gallops well, carries lofty, and has good courage. Any person that will take up the above described horse, with the thief, and secures them, so that the subscriber may have him again, shall have a reward of FORTY SHILLINGS for the horse, and THREE POUNDS for the thief and horse, and reasonable charges, paid by
December 19, 1769. † **JACOB YEATHER.**

December 12, 1769.
THREE POUNDS Reward.
RUN away, last night, from his master, living in York-Town, Pennsylvania, an Irish servant man, named JAMES ANDERSON, has been a good while in the country, speaks middling good English, is a thick well set fellow, about 5 feet, 7 or 8 inches high, has black curled hair, and very thick lips; had on, when he went away, a grey ratteen jacket, lined with blue and white striped flannel, a home-made shirt of middling coarse flaxen linen, a pair of good leather breeches, but a little too short for him, an English half-worn castor hat, which he commonly wears sharp cocked, a pair coarse ribbed worsted stockings, and a pair of strong shoes: He is a House-joiner by trade, and had on a leather apron; took with him, a smooth bore gun, and powder horn, 1 tennant and 1 pannel saw, an old great coat of a dirty colour, the buttons chiefly wore off, a check shirt, and a pair of blue yarn stockings, with sundry small joiner's tools. Whoever takes up, and secures said servant, in any of His Majesty's goals, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, paid by
† **JOHN M'DONOUGH.**
N. B. Said servant is supposed to have a pass in the name of Daniel Fullin, and it is likely will pass in said Fullin's name.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.
RUN away, on the 3d of this instant December, from the subscriber, living in Strasburg township, Lancaster county, an Irish servant lad, named James Welsh, a weaver by trade, a thick well set fellow, has dark red hair, trimmed before, is about 5 feet high, 17 years old, a pretty large head, talks good Dutch, has a fair skin, had on, when he went away, a brown linsley coat, too narrow for him, a white double jacket, with white metal buttons, old buckskin breeches, old tow trousers, white knit stockings, a pair of new shoes, a tow shirt, and a half worn felt hat. Whoever takes up and secures the said James Welsh, so as the subscriber can get him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by
† **CONRAD HOOK.**

THE subscriber takes this method of informing the public in general, and his customers in particular, that he still continues to carry on the Goldsmith and Jeweller's business as usual, at the corner of Front and Chestnut-streets.

As it always has been his constant endeavour to oblige his customers, so every one may depend upon it, that he will exert himself, as much as lies in his power, to perform his work with all the care, dispatch and nicety, that can be required. And all orders shall be executed, at the most reasonable rates, to the full satisfaction of his employers, who he hopes will continue their former favours, which will greatly oblige their humble servant.
† **JOHN BAILY. T. b. c. 3 m.**

GOOD FORGE HAMMERS and ANVILS, made and sold by THOMAS MAYBURY, at Hereford Furnace, in Berks county.
N. B. They are likewise SOLD by JEREMIAH WARDER, in Philadelphia. †

Lancaster Goal, December the 8th, 1769.
WAS committed to my custody, a Negroe man, who calls himself Joseph Damney, and says he belongs to Joseph Marks, of Philadelphia; said Negroe is about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, and about 34 or 35 years of age; had on, when committed, a blue jacket, an old felt hat, a pair of old tow trousers, and good shoes; he is a chunky built fellow, I think, according to an advertisement in the news-paper, that his name is Tom Tony, and that he belongs to Joseph Watkins, junior, of Philadelphia. His master, if any he has, is therefore desired to come, or send, and pay his fees, otherwise he will be fold out, in 5 weeks from the date hereof, by
† **GEORGE EBERLY, Goaler.**

December 17, 1769.
RUN away from the Subscriber, living 4 miles below New-Castle, a servant man, named William Blaney, born in this country, 17 years of age, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, of a fair complexion, wears his own dark brown hair: Had on, an old super-fine blue broadcloth coat, a blue cloth jacket, broke about the breast, an old blue and white linen jacket, an old narrow brimmed beaver hat, without loops, new buckskin breeches, and new shoes. He has a little, occasioned by a cut on his great toe. The coat and jackets do not fit him well, being his master's clothes. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him, so that his master may have him again, shall have TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, or FORTY SHILLINGS, if taken more than 20 miles from New-Castle, and reasonable charges, paid by
† **JOHN KING.**

RUN away from the subscriber, living at Petapco Ferry, Maryland, on the 14th of this instant December, a convict servant man, named JOHN PRAT, about 6 feet high, with red hair, and a down look, he appears to be about 25 years of age; had on, when he went away, a long blue jacket, with leather buttons, a white flannel under jacket, bound round with black, an ozenbrigs shirt, long ozenbrigs trousers, with white flannel drawers under them, blue ribbed stockings, and country made shoes, with buckles; had on a sailor's cap; he complains of a weakness in his back, and wears a broad duck belt next to his shirt, he passes for a sailor, and possibly may change his name and clothes, and I imagine he has a forged pass. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him, so that the owner may have him again, shall have Two Pounds reward, if taken in the province, if out of the province, THREE POUNDS, paid by
† **FLORA DORSEY.**

RUN away on Tuesday, the 12th day of this instant December, from the Subscriber, living in London Britain township, Chester county, a servant lad, named WILLIAM COCHRAN, but may change his name, as this is the 4th time of his running away; he is a weaver by trade, but can work at farming, is this country born, a stout built fellow, about 17 years of age; had on, when he went away, a half worn wool hat, with a great many small holes eat by the crickets, a brown jacket, with a turn up cuff, flat metal buttons, the fore parts lined with thick old cloth, the back parts with a piece of a blanket, his under ditto of striped cambiet, the fore parts mended lately with some of the same, tichen breeches, lined with flannel, made to buckle at the knees, the twill of the tichen inside, new yarn stockings, of a walnut brown, good shoes, tied with strings; he took a pitching axe with him, and has a tow shirt; has sooty coloured hair, and his skin much of the same colour, round face, big nose, somewhat round shouldered, down look, and clumsy built, cannot say much for himself if challenged. It is expected he will strive to get over Salsquebanna, as he thinks his mother is there; her name was Bet Barret, she speaks through her nose, and was married to Hugh Smith, when she went over the river. Whoever takes him up, and secures him, so that I may get him again, shall have TRIRTY SHILLINGS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by
† **JOHN ROSS.**

TO BE SOLD, a plantation lying along Shrewsbury road 4 miles from Allentown, in the township of Upper Freehold, in the county of Monmouth, in the province of East New-Jersey, containing 286 acres of land, about 30 or 40 acres of good English meadow, and as much more may be made, with little improvement, the up-land very good for wheat or other grain; the whole well watered and timbered, a two story house and barn, waggon-house, smook-house, and two good bearing orchards, which never misses bearing plenty of fruit every year; the house stands exceeding pleasant, and a prospect of the meadows from the door, it is very handy to a mill, one mile distance, and three more mills, the farthest do not exceed 4 miles, where you may dispose of your produce, 9 miles to a landing; likewise very convenient to meeting, a Quaker Meeting-house adjoining the place, and a Baptist Meeting-house, about 2 miles distance, and a Church and Presbyterian Meeting, not exceeding 4 miles; it being the property of John Clarke, late of Stony Brook, deceased. Any person inclining to purchase, may apply to the subscriber, living on the premises, where the conditions of sale may be known, by me
† **WILLIAM CLARKE.**

BLACK LEAD,
CAREFULLY picked and cleaned from stone and earth, and **BLACK LEAD CRUCIBLES,** suitable for Bras-founders, Silver-smiths, &c. of the best quality, and all sizes, To be SOLD, in small and large quantities, by
DANIEL OFFLEY,
At his house in Front-street, below the Drawbridge, or **JOHN WILSON,** at Israel Pemberton's.
Orders from abroad, or for exportation, will be duly attended to, and the crucibles carefully packed.
† 5s. Tbcif.

Maryland, Baltimore Town, August 30, 1769.
FIVE POUNDS Reward.
RUN away yesterday evening, from the subscriber, an English convict servant man, named JONATHAN STICKWOOD, born in Cambridgeshire, is about 21 years of age, five feet eight or nine inches high, has grey eyes, and short dark coloured hair, which curls a little; he has been sick some time, and looks very yellow, and poorly; had on an old hat, ozenbrigs shirt and trousers, a light blue cloth jacket, with sleeves, and metal buttons, the under-part of the sleeves is let out with deep blue cloth, blue yarn stockings, good strong shoes, and odd buckles; took with him, a fine Irish linen shirt, a red and white calicoe jacket, with horn moulds thereto, covered with the calicoe, a pair of white Russia drab breeches, with white metal buttons, a good striped silk, a spotted linen, and an old black Barcelona handkerchief, a pair of blue ribbed worsted stockings, and a pair of scarlet garters. Whoever takes up the said servant, and secures him, so that the subscriber gets him again, shall have Thirty Shillings, if taken 20 miles from home, Three Pounds if 40 miles, and the above reward if out of the province (including what the law allows) and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by
† **W. WILLIAM GOODWIN.**
If Mr. EDWARD BURNET, Son of Mrs. Anne Burnet, of Wrexham, in England, be alive, and will apply to Richard Peters, junior, in Philadelphia, he will bear of something of considerable Importance to him. If the said Mr. Burnet (who came to America in the Capacity of a Surgeon, several Years ago) be dead, any Person who can give Information thereof, by sending a Line to the Printers hereof, or to the Subscriber, will much oblige
† **RICHARD PETERS, junior.**

Philadelphia, December 14, 1769.
STRAYED, or stolen, the beginning of this month, from Greenwich Island, a bay HORSE, 15 hands high, with a bald face, and one hind foot white, shod before, is 8 years old, and hurt in his hind. Likewise strayed from a lot near this city, on the 6th instant, a red COW, with a white face, about 6 years old, is in good order. Whoever takes up said horse or cow, and brings to Jacob Hiltzbeimer's stables in Seventh-street, shall have Forty Shillings reward for the horse, and Ten Shillings for the cow, with all reasonable charges, paid by JACOB HILTZEIMER. †

TO be sold by the subscribers, executors to the estate of John Keirill, deceased, a plantation, in Bristol township, containing 117 acres (be it more or less) pleasantly situated on the river Delaware, about 2 miles from Bristol, on the road leading from thence to Trenton Ferry, about 50 acres thereof cleared, whereon is a frame dwelling-house and barn, the other part wood land, part of which is good swamp, which, when cleared, will make excellent meadow.

Also a lot of ground in the borough of Bristol, extending in length, 6 perches and 3 quarters, on Mulberry-street, and in breadth 5 perches and 3 quarters, on Cedar-street, containing near one quarter of an acre. For further particulars, enquire of KEIRILL RICEY, and MAHLON KIRKBRIDE, junior, executors.
†

December 11, 1769.
MADE his Escape this Day from the Constable of West-Nantmell, in Chester County, a certain ALEXANDER WILLY, about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 10 Inches high, brown Hair, has a large Scar in his Forehead, near the Left Eye-brow, is Left-handed, and had brown Clothes on. Whoever apprehends the said Alexander Willy, and secures him in any of His Majesty's Goals, shall have FIVE POUNDS Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by
† **SAMUEL HENDERSON, Constable.**
N. B. All Masters of Vessels are forbid to carry him off.

ALL Persons who have any Demands against the Estate of JOHN BAILY, Goldsmith, are desired to send in their Accounts to the Subscribers; and all those indebted to the said Estate, are requested to pay their Accounts immediately. CHARLES MEREDITH, JOHN RHEA, JOHN WILCOCKS, GEORGE MEADE, WILLIAM CRAIG, SAMUEL C. MORRIS, Assignees.

SIX DOLLARS Reward.
BETWEEN the sixth and seventh day, Of last ninth month, ran away, A servant, that from Ireland came, Catherine Waterston her name; She's thick and clumsy made you'll see, Pretends a tayloress to be, She's about 5 feet 4 inches high, Very apt to swear and lie. Of a down look; complexion dark, In her face much pock mark'd, As also very long black hair, Which she clubb'd behind did wear; Two striped petticoats she had, One bird-eye ditto, very bad, One striped linsley jacket she, With two check aprons, bore away * Two handkerchiefs about her neck, One a flag, the other check; Her hose blue worsted; clocks of white, And stuff shoes, as black as night. She also had, tho' not her own, A very good large silver spoon, Which was stamped with C. Hall On the shank, near to the bole. Worsted pincushion that's knit, With D. G. on one side of it, Which was round, incompart's tight With a band of silver bright; And as one end did the other pass, With a loop it fast'ned was, A Chain of silver to the same, When borne away by this dame, Who is very artful to deceive, And an answer quick will give; As I have been inform'd by one Who stop't her as away she run, Tho' by a cunning crafty wile She did him so much beguile, Or at least prevail'd upon Him, so much as to get along, And south eastward he did steer, Of her since that I cannot hear, Tho' shortly for work she must call, As her money, if any, was but small; And to pawn that spoon or pincushion, She would be backward to begin. Therefore I desire with whom'er she be, He may think of himself and me, And safe secure her in some Goal, That I may have her without fail, Then the above reward to him sure, With reasonable charges, I'll secure. And lastly, it behoves me to tell In what part of the province dwell, Which to do I will not defer, It is in the county of Lancaster, And somewhat more will be expected, Which I had almost neglected, That is to declare my name, Therefore I subscribe the same,
† **JAMES GIBBONS, Inn-keeper.**
* P. S. One of the aprons home-made, the other bought; the home-made apron remarkable, having a breadth and near a half in width, and the half-breadth pieced with about a quarter at top, to make it long enough; her shifts, tho' not mentioned above, had remarkable long wide bosoms, all of coarse ozenbrigs, without any necks. †

WILLIAM EVITT, PRINTER,
(Having, at a very great expense, just purchased ALL that large and valuable assortment of Printing-Types, together with all the other necessary utensils fit for carrying on the printing business, in its various branches, late the property of Andrew Stewart, deceased) has just opened his PRINTING-OFFICE,
At the Bible-in-Heart in Second-street, between Market and Arch-streets, 3 doors above Whitebread's Tavern, and right opposite David Frank's, in the house where said office has been kept these some years past; where he intends to carry on the printing business. As he is a young beginner, he hopes to meet with encouragement from the generous public, and will take it kind of those who please to favour him with their custom. The public may depend upon having their work done with great care and dispatch, and on as reasonable terms as is possible. Great care will be taken of blanks and advertisements, in particular. Advertisements, &c. of a moderate size, shall be done at two hours notice, and larger ones in proportion. Officers of the customs, and other public officers, as well sheriffs, coroners, justices of the peace, officers of excise, &c. &c. may have their various blanks done in a neat and correct manner, and on very short notice. Those who please to favour him with their custom at this time, as well as hereafter, their favours shall be thankfully acknowledged, by their friend
† **WILLIAM EVITT.**
N. B. Orders from the country, or any of the neighbouring provinces, shall be punctually obeyed.
Nov. 2, 1769.